

THE BLOOMFIELD RECORD

THE ONLY PAPER PUBLISHED IN BLOOMFIELD
Contains each week full reports of all our
news-taking place in Bloomfield; complete de-
scription of all local persons and matters of interest to
those urging the cause of freedom; and
the town's comment on the news of the week
and carefully selected miscellany of reading
matter.

PROTECTION FREE TRADE

The *Bloomfield Record*, the oldest Irish Catholic
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asked the difference between free trade and
protection, and he is answered in the following
manner:

REPUBLICANS IN EARNEST

GRAND MASS MEETING AT LIBRARY
HALL ON TUESDAY NIGHT.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE AND GREAT ENTHUSIASM
DISPLATES ADDRESS BY JUDGE HENRY W.
WILSON OF NEWARK AND JUDGE A. W. TENNEY
OF NEW YORK.

THEIR RESOLUTIONS FOR ASSISTING SLAVES
IN AMERICA. PAPER COMMUNIST, ETC.

Address all communications to
EDITOR OF THE RECORD,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

M. H. CLARK, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

Bloomfield Record.
BLOOMFIELD, N. J., SEPT. 18, 1880.

PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN.

The strongest point made by Judge TENNEY, in his address at Library Hall the other evening, was his reference to the comparative excellence of the two presidential candidates now before the country. He did not attempt, as has been done by many Republican newspapers and campaign orators, to ridicule General HANCOCK's character and to state untrue in regard to him for the sake of their influence upon the political results of the present contest, but argued in a frank and manly way his friendship for the Democratic candidate and his admiration for his character. Judge TENNEY did not lose a whit of the effect of his speech in thus showing himself capable of recognizing excellence wherever he may find it and of keeping his judgment and perception of truth free from the bias of a political campaign.

The people do not respect a man the less because he shows himself to be not influenced by the animosity of partisan interests, but rather honor him the more for it. Judge TENNEY's audience listened to his address with much more consideration and it had much greater weight with them when they knew he was to be possessed of an intelligence not easily thrown off its balance; than they would have had he displayed the in justice, unfairness and general trickery of some of even the best Republican news papers and speakers. He squarely admitted and used the words of Senator BLAINE of Maine in so doing, that so far as excellence of character was concerned, the two presidential candidates stood upon the same level. If, said Senator BLAINE, "there is nothing in this canvass but these two men, count me out."

The issues of the campaign were thrown upon the right ground by Judge TENNEY. It is principles, not men, that are concerned. Judge TENNEY, in doing this, sought to dispel an illusion by which the Democrats have gained much power in the present campaign. Many may be deceived into giving their votes for the Democratic party through contemplating the admiringness of its candidate and not concerning the principles which he represents. But, if they be wise and prudent, they will see that in the future, in case of the election of General HANCOCK, the principal advantage which the Democrats have will be utilized to unlimited competition. It took only twenty years to completely destroy the native industries. Men, women and children were driven from the workshop to the fields, and all demand for labor was at an end, except in raising rice, cotton, indigo and opium. There was no rice, cotton, indigo and opium.

But the reason that has called us together to-night lies nearer home. It is the question which we shall send to the State House and to the Presidential chair in this coming election. The Democratic party has submitted to us its candidate, Gen. W. S. Hancock, and the Republicans have been disappointed by the result in Maine. The Democrats are not disturbed therefore at all. There is as much difference between Democrats individually and the Democratic party as there is between having the measles and the measles themselves. (Laughter.)

The main part of Judge Tenney's address was a review of the familiar facts of the Republican party's history. He showed that the present financial prosperity of the country was due to the measures undertaken by the Republican party and that these measures had been opposed by the Democratic party at every step. During the delivery of the address the East Orange Artillery and the Watervliet Legion, both in full uniform, entered and took seats.

THE STRAWBERRY CULTURE.

In setting out strawberry plants in autumn—that is, ordinary layer plants taken up from the bed where they have taken root—nothing is gained in point of time over spring planting, so far as hastening the crop is concerned. A field bed or set in April or May, 1881, will bear a full crop in June, 1882. If the same plants were set in September or October, 1881, they would give a few berries in November, but not enough to depend upon. While the crop is gained by planting six months or more earlier, there is, except in cold localities where autumn is short and winter long, much to be gained otherwise by fall planting. The soil is still warm and mellow, work is not so driving as in spring, and there is not the fear that a frost may cut off or injure the plants before they become well established. Those engaged in growing strawberries on a large scale plant at both seasons, but the practice of fall planting is gaining favor. The plants set in autumn have a chance, a gardener says, "to get hold of the soil," their period of growth being past, they start and grow right on as soon as spring opens. Any apprehension danger from winter thaws and freezing is avoided by the mulch, which all of the plants should have for the best results. Those who have a crop of strawberries can do so by setting out "pot-grown plants." These, as has been explained, are plants from runners which, instead of striking their roots in the soil of the bed, have been made for weeks. The appearance of Miss Davenport and the production of a new play by Anna Dickinson are events that have been looked forward to for some time. It is an American play, enacted by an American actress, written by an American author, produced with an American company, under the management of a thoroughly American manager.

NOTES HERE AND THERE.

THE RECORD Saturday evening will find it on sale Mr. Horace Dodd's shoe-store and at Mr. Thomas Dancer's news-agency. Mr. James D. Blair of Ashtabula avenue has been elected Colonel, and Mr. T. E. Hayes Lieutenant-Colonel of the Boys in Blue in Bloomfield.

The thirty-fourth annual fair of the Burleigh County Agricultural Society will be held at Mount Holly, N. J., on October 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th.

A new paper has been started in town called "The Weekly Republican," to be run, it is said, as a campaign paper and until the election of Garfield and Arthur.

The Democrats of Bloomfield will raise a new banner next week. It will be extended from Central Hall, over Mr. E. W. Higgin's grocery-store to Mrs. Baker & Hubbard's store.

Rev. Daniel J. Edwards of Pittsburgh, Pa., who preached at the Paul's Episcopal Church, Watertown, last Sunday, will again officiate on Sunday next, 19th instant, morning and evening.

The Children's Fair held on Friday the 10th instant at the residence of Mr. Nathan Bushaw by six little girls, was a complete success. All present had a joyous time. The proceeds are for the benefit of the poor.

As the bell of the Baptist Church is out of repair, it will not be rung for the present. All the services of the church, Sundays and week day evenings, will be held at the schoolroom.

Mr. Samuel Carl, the tailor, has purchased during the week his fall stock of goods and is prepared now to submit to the examination of his customers every quality and grade of cloths for winter in the market. Mr. Carl's selection of patterns has been very good and no gentleman can fail to find his taste suited.

The workingmen of New Jersey are united on this question, and never before have they been so thoroughly organized as at present. They will do their duty, and when a Senator or member of Congress, a soldier or a member of the House of Representatives, is to be elected, the workingmen of New Jersey will be selected.

The man who will be elected the Hatter and Shoemakers' bill in the Senate of New Jersey, cannot be decided.

Let the party beware from nominating such a man, no matter how good his other record, how narrow the entreaties of his friends. His nomination would be deliberate suicide and place us at once in a position of hopeless defense with no chance for victory.

And yet the Democrats went on and committed this "inexcusable blunder," and nominated Ludlow, and the *Journal* is exulting in its ingenuity to find reasons for supporting him, alleging that he would have voted for the bill if it had been different, etc. By the way, a reporter of the Newark *Advertiser*, who has visited several of the large shoe, hat, and leather shops of Newark and Orange, found employers and workmen alike in denouncing Ludlow and declaring their purpose to support Potts.

It appears to be a very serious "blunder" indeed that the Democrats have been driven to the whip of the "State House Bug," under the whip of the "State House Bug," The Labor Party, directly interested in the bill that would oppose claim to have over 3,000 men in Newark, Orange, Bloomfield and Millburn alone, and thousands of sympathizers throughout the State.

The *Record* is the sole paper issued in Bloomfield. Very many of them on its subscription list buy largely in New York and Newark. Its value as an advertising medium must therefore be apparent.

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1. Free trade means unrestricted competition in trade. The object of all laws is to make universal good and free trade would have it regulated, uncontrolled by any rule or law. That's free trade is lawless. Free trade is a mockery. It is letting every body loose to prey upon every body else. Free trade means bringing American workers into competition with the world's paid and worst fed workers of Europe, and to compete successfully with them, Americans must be satisfied to work longer hours, and for almost half the wages they receive at present. The consequence of this would be a life of chronic starvation. But men who must have three good meals a day and who consider one hour a fair day's work cannot compete with workers who labor for two hours and a day live on bread and water, and come out of the stage, and the boxes again were decorated with the English colors. The two tables on the platform were covered with American flags.

The meeting was called to order at 8:30 by Mr. C. Beach who announced that in consequence of the illness of one or two members of the band the expected instrumental music could not be given, but that the campaign song-club would render one of their pieces. The song was listened to with interest and applauded at the conclusion. The *Record* party believes in soldiers and proposes to stand by the work of soldiers, rest what it may. (Prolonged applause.)

The stage decoration was abundant and the appearance presented by *W* was very handsome. Two large American flags were hung along the back and between them was displayed the British union-jack. Silk American flags hung from the sides of the stage, and the boxes again were decorated with the English colors.

The tables on the platform were covered with American flags.

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